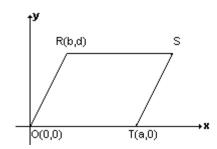
1. Which statement is the contrapositive of the statement "If a triangle is a right triangle, then it has two complementary angles"?

- (1) If a triangle is a right triangle, then it does not have two complementary angles.
- (2) If a triangle does not have two complementary angles, then it is not a right triangle.
- (3) If a triangle is not a right triangle, then it has two complementary angles.
- (4) If a triangle does not have two complementary angles, then it is a right triangle.

2. In the diagram, three vertices of parallelogram ORST are O(0, 0), R(b, d), and T(a, 0). What are the coordinates of S?



- (1) (a, b)
- (2) (a, d)
- (3) (a + b, d)
- (4) (a + b, b)

3. In quadrilateral *ABCD*, $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DC}$ and $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DC}$. Which statement *must* be true?

- $(1) \quad \overline{BD} \cong \overline{AC}$
- (2) $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{BC}$
- (3) $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{AD}$
- $(4) \quad \overline{AD} \cong \quad \overline{BC}$

4. The intersection of a plane and a line not in the plane can be a

- (1) line
- (2) point
- (3) right angle
- (4) none of the above

5. A translation maps A(1, 2) onto A'(-1, 3). What are the coordinates of the image of the origin under the same translation?

- (1) (0, 0)
- (2) (2, -1)
- (3) (-2, 1)
- (4) (-1, 2)

6. If two sides of a triangle have lengths 4 and 9, then the length of the third side may be any number

- (1) greater than 4 but less than 9
- (2) greater than 5
- (3) less than 13
- (4) greater than 5 but less than 13

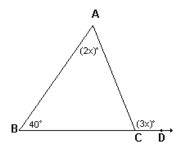
7. If the angles of a triangle are represented by x, 3x + 20, and 6x, the triangle must be

- (1) obtuse
- (2) right
- (3) acute
- (4) isosceles

Short Answer

Please show all work on a separate piece of paper and/or graph paper.

8. In the diagram, $\angle ACD$ is an exterior angle of $\triangle ABC$. If $m \angle B = 40$, $m \angle A = 2x$, and $m \angle ACD = 3x$, what is the value of x?



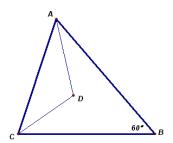
9. Triangle *ABC* has vertices A(5, 7), B(11, -1), and C(3, 3). Write the equation of the altitude to side \overline{AC} in slope-intercept form?

10. What is the distance between points (6, -9) and (-3, 4) in simplest radical form?

11. What is the measure of the *largest* angle of a triangle whose angles measures are in the ratio of 2:3:4?

12. If the length of the line segment joining the midpoints of two sides of an equilateral triangle is 6, find the perimeter of the triangle.

13. Given that point *D* is the incenter of triangle *ABC*, what is the measure of angle *ADC*?



14. **Given:** \overline{AEC} bisects $\angle DAB$ and $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$

Prove: $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{DC}$

